## Properties of Acids and Bases

1) Determine the Bronsted-Lowry acid/base pairs in the following equations, and identify which one in each pair is the acid and which is the base:

- $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}+\mathrm{NaOH} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}+\mathrm{NaSO}_{4}$
- $\mathrm{HPO}_{4}^{-2}+\mathrm{HBr} \rightarrow \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{PO}_{4}^{-1}+\mathrm{Br}^{-}$
- $\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}+2 \mathrm{HNO}_{3} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}+\mathrm{Ca}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}$
- $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}+\mathrm{NH}_{3} \rightarrow \mathrm{NH}_{4}^{+}+\mathrm{OH}^{-}$
- $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}+\mathrm{HI} \rightarrow \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{O}^{+}+\mathrm{I}^{-}$

2) What is the difference between the Bronsted-Lowry and Arrhenius definition of a base?
